

Year 11

What are the aims and intentions of this curriculum?

STATISTICS

The aim of our Key Stage 4 Curriculum in Statistics is to ensure that students are engaged by recognising how frequently they use Statistics and how their Statistics understanding feeds into other areas, and to comprehend, interpret and communicate mathematical information in a variety of forms appropriate to the information and context.

• To provide students with a holistic experience, prepare them for future success, help them aspire and value mathematics, Personal, Social Health and Economic (PSHE) education and Careers Education (CE) are incorporated into the curriculum.

Throughout KS4: Students will need to keep working on key skills as they occur with other topics, as well as when the skills are being explicitly expressed. These include addition, subtraction, multiplication and division; order of operations; fractions, decimals and percentages; rounding and estimation; and algebraic notation.

Ferm Topics

Knowledge and key terms

Skills developed

Assessment

| Autumn 1 | | nt | Tests Homework Research and presentation. |
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| Autumn 2 | Probability Processing, representing and analysing data | Experimental and theoretical probability Independent events Conditional probability Difference in terms of bias Further summary statistics Index numbers / weighted index numbers Retail price index (RPI) Consumer price index (CPI) Gross domestic product (GDP) Interpret data related to rates of change over time when given in graphical form | Calculate the probability of independent and dependent combined events, including using tree diagrams and other representations, and know the underlying assumptions Calculate and interpret conditional probabilities through representation using expected frequencies with two-way tables, tree diagrams and Venn diagrams Calculate and interpret rates of change over time from tables using context specific formula | Tests Homework Group work Presentations |
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| Spring 1 | Probability distributions | Probability distributions • Binomial distribution • Notation B(n, p) • Conditions that make binomial model suitable • Mean (np) • Calculation of binomial probabilities • Normal distribution • Notation N(μ, σ²) • Characteristics of Normal distribution • Conditions that make Normal model suitable • Approximately 95% of the data lie within two standard deviations of the mean and that 68% (just over two thirds) lie within one standard deviation of the mean Measures of dispersion • Standardised scores Quality assurance • Know that a set of sample means are more closely distributed than individual values from | Calculate binomial probability Use action and warning lines in quality assurance sampling applications. Calculating standardised scores | Tests Homework Group work Presentations |

| | | the same population.Control charts | | |
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| Spring 2 | Statistical Enquiry Cycle/A03 Practice Mini-investigation | Use this time to carry out an investigation. Students should have the opportunity to work with real world data sets. They may choose to investigate a problem from the sciences, geography, business, economics or other relevant field. Students should: Define a hypothesis to be investigated Decide data to collect Plan a strategy on how to process and represent data Generate diagrams to represent data Generate statistical measures Analyse diagrams and calculations Draw conclusions relating to hypotheses Discuss reliability Identify weaknesses Suggest improvements | Carry out an investigation using the knowledge obtained during the course of the year. | Proof reading and suggesting corrections. |
| Summer 1 | Revision and Exam Preparation | | | |